Chapter 6: Q.52 - Page 190 [Question of EMO]

Query:

In part (ii) of the answer, we calculated 'Cost BEP' as 4,00,000 empty tubes. Why it doesn't include the first 3,00,000 empty tubes. Why it is considered as <u>extra</u> 4,00,000 tubes over and above the first 3,00,000 empty tubes. Please explain.

Solution:

- (1) The company at present has a capacity to produce 3,00,000 empty tubes. It is given in the first line of last paragraph.
- (2) It is economical to produce first 3,00,000 empty tubes @ 1.275 instead of buying @ 1.35. These will be produced on the existing machine. This decision is already locked by us.
- (3) The decision is now regarding EXTRA tubes in excess of first 3,00,000 empty tubes. If we wish to produce these extra tubes, then only we have to buy a <u>new machine</u> and the incremental cost is Rs. 30,000 per month.
- (4) Otherwise, we can buy these EXTRA tubes from outside @ 1.35 per empty tube.
- (5) While calculating 'Cost BEP' we are now comparing <u>incremental</u> cost of buying or manufacturing on new machine.

Note: You may view the same video again using 80% extra views provided for each lecture, for better understanding.